



ST KITTS & NEVIS INTERNATIONAL SHIP REGISTRY

MARITIME CIRCULAR – MC 132 24

JOINT CONCENTRATED INSPECTION CAMPAIGN
ON CREW WAGES AND SEAFARER EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS (MLC, 2006)
BY PARIS MOU AND TOKYO MOU

1. Purpose

1.1. The purpose of this Maritime Circular is to share a Press Release from the Member Authorities of the Paris and the Tokyo Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control (MoU) released on 1st August 2024, which informs about an intention to launch a joint Concentrated Inspection Campaign (CIC) on Crew Wages and Seafarer Employment Agreements (MLC, 2006).

2. Application

2.1. The purpose of the campaign is:

- to create awareness within the shipping industry about the requirements on crew wages and seafarer employment agreements (MLC, 2006); and
- to verify that ships comply with these requirements.

2.2. The inspection campaign will be held for three months, commencing **from 1 September 2024 and ending 30 November 2024.**

2.3. The campaign will examine specific areas related to crew wages, seafarer employment agreements (SEAs) and financial securities (repatriation and shipowners' liability) under MLC, 2006 during regular Port State Control inspections.

3. Recommendations

3.1. This Administration invites all parties involved to familiarise themselves with the Press Release attached to this Circular and, in particular, review the questions of the established checklist.

3.2. This Administration invites Shipowners, Ship Managers and Ship Operators to take the necessary steps to familiarise themselves with the CIC criteria and ensure that their vessels are prepared for campaign inspections. Shipowners, Ship Managers and Ship Operators are also advised to assist their shipboard teams in preparing for the inspections.

If you have any questions on this matter, please contact this office at mail@skanregistry.com

Yours truly,

Liam Ryan
International Registrar of Shipping and Seamen

1 August 2024

JOINT CONCENTRATED INSPECTION CAMPAIGN ON CREW WAGES AND SEAFARER EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS (MLC, 2006)

The Member Authorities of the Tokyo and the Paris Memoranda of Understanding (MoU) on Port State Control will launch a joint Concentrated Inspection Campaign (CIC) on Crew Wages and Seafarer Employment Agreements (MLC, 2006)

The purpose of the campaign is:

- to create awareness within the shipping industry about the requirements on crew wages and seafarer employment agreements (MLC, 2006); and
- to verify that ships comply with these requirements.

This inspection campaign will be held for three months, commencing from 1 September 2024 and ending 30 November 2024. The campaign will examine specific areas related to crew wages, seafarer employment agreements (SEAs) and financial securities (repatriation and shipowners' liability) under MLC, 2006 during regular port State control inspections.

A ship will be subject to only one inspection under this CIC during the period of the campaign.

Port State Control Officers will use a pre-defined questionnaire to assess that crew wages, seafarer employment agreements and financial securities provided comply with the relevant MLC requirements.

If non-conformities are found, actions by the port State may vary from recording a deficiency and instructing the master to rectify it within a certain period of time to detaining the ship until the serious deficiencies have been rectified or until the port State has accepted a proposal for a plan of action. In the case of detention, publication in the monthly detention lists of the Tokyo and Paris MoU websites will take place.

The results of the campaign will be analysed and findings will be presented to the governing bodies of both MoUs for possible submission to the International Labour Organization and the International Maritime Organization.

Paris MOU	Tokyo MOU
<p>Mr. Luc Smulders Secretary-General Paris MoU on Port State Control PO Box 16191 2500 BD The Hague The Netherlands Tel: +31-70-4561508</p> <p>E-mail: secretariat@parismou.org Web-site: www.parismou.org</p>	<p>Mr. KUBOTA Hideo Secretary, Tokyo MOU Secretariat Ascend Shimbashi 8F 6-19-19, Shimbashi, Minato-ku, Tokyo Japan 105-0004 Tel: +81-3-3433 0621 Fax: +81-3-3433 0624 E-mail: secretariat@tokyo-mou.org Web-site: www.tokyo-mou.org</p>

Notes to editors:

Paris MOU	Tokyo MOU
<p>Regional Port State Control was initiated in 1982 when fourteen European countries agreed to coordinate their port State inspection effort under a voluntary agreement known as the Paris Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control (Paris MOU). Currently 28 countries are member of the Paris MOU (The membership of the Russian Federation is currently suspended). The European Commission, although not a signatory to the Paris MOU, is also a member of the Committee.</p> <p>The Paris MoU is supported by a central database THETIS hosted and operated by the European Maritime Safety Agency in Lisbon. Inspection results are available for search and daily updating by MoU Members. Inspection results can be consulted on the Paris MoU public website and are published on the Equasis public website.</p> <p>The Secretariat of the MoU is provided by the Netherlands Ministry of Infrastructure and Water Management and located in The Hague.</p>	<p>The Memorandum of Understanding on Port State Control in the Asia-Pacific Region, known as the Tokyo MOU, was signed among eighteen maritime Authorities in the region on 1 December 1993 and came into operation on 1 April 1994. Currently, the Memorandum has 22 full members, namely: Australia, Canada, Chile, China, Fiji, Hong Kong (China), Indonesia, Japan, Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Marshall Islands, Mexico, New Zealand, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Singapore, Thailand, Vanuatu and Viet Nam.</p> <p>The Secretariat of the Memorandum is located in Tokyo, Japan. The PSC database system, the Asia-Pacific Computerized Information System (APCIS), was established. The APCIS centre is located in Moscow, under the auspices of the Ministry of Transport of the Russian Federation.</p>
<p>Port State Control is a check on visiting foreign ships to verify their compliance with international rules on safety, pollution prevention and seafarers living and working conditions. It is a means of enforcing compliance in cases where the owner and flag State have failed in their responsibility to implement or ensure compliance. The port State can require deficiencies to be corrected, and detain the ship for this purpose if necessary. It is therefore also a port State's defence against visiting substandard shipping.</p>	

CIC ON CREW WAGES AND SEAFARER EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS (MLC, 2006)			
Inspection Authority			
Ship's name		IMO number	
Date of inspection		Inspection port	

No.	Question	Yes	No	N/A	Detention
Q1*	Is the seafarer given a SEA signed by both the seafarer and the shipowner or a representative of the shipowner?				
Q2*	Is the seafarer able to access information regarding their employment conditions on board?				
Q3	Are standard form of seafarer employment agreements and parts of any applicable collective bargaining agreements, subject to port State control under Reg. 5.2, available in English?				
Q4*	Does the seafarer employment agreement include all the required elements specified in the MLC, 2006?				
Q5*	Do particulars included in the seafarer employment agreement comply with the MLC, 2006 requirements?				
Q6*	Are wage or salary payments made to the seafarer at no greater than monthly intervals?				
Q7*	Have seafarers been given a status of accounts and wages paid on at least a monthly basis?				
Q8*	Are wage or salary payments in accordance with any applicable CBA or SEA?				
Q9*	If payments made to a seafarer include deductions, are they in accordance with the MLC, 2006?				
Q10a*	Is a certificate or documentary evidence of financial security, issued by the financial security provider, available on board in the event of compensation for death and long-term disability?				
Q10b*	Is a certificate or documentary evidence of financial security, issued by the financial security provider, available on board in the event of the repatriation?				

- Notes:
- ◆ Questions 1 to 10b answered with a "No" MUST be accompanied by a relevant deficiency on the Report of inspection.
 - ◆ If the box "No" is ticked off for questions marked with an "*", the ship may be considered for detention.